Methane Emission Flux from Indianapolis, IN: Identification and Contribution of Sources to the Total Citywide Emission

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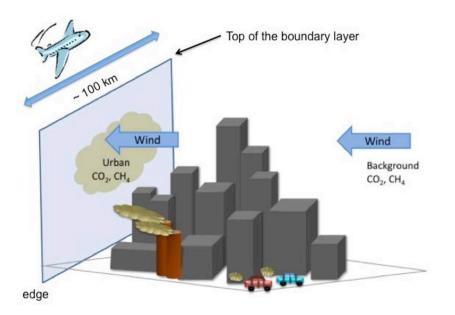
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Motivation

- INFLUX is probing the Urban air shed of Indianapolis to identify and quantify sources
 - Aircraft mass balance approach
 - Surface mobile measurements
- Combination of Measurement and Modeling
 - To provide priors to inverse modeling

Estimating the Emission Flux

$$F_{c} = \int_{0}^{z_{i}} \int_{-x}^{+x} \left(\left[C \right]_{ij} - \overline{\left[C \right]}_{b} \right)^{*} U_{\perp ij} \, dx \, dz$$



F_c: area-averaged emission flux (mol/s)

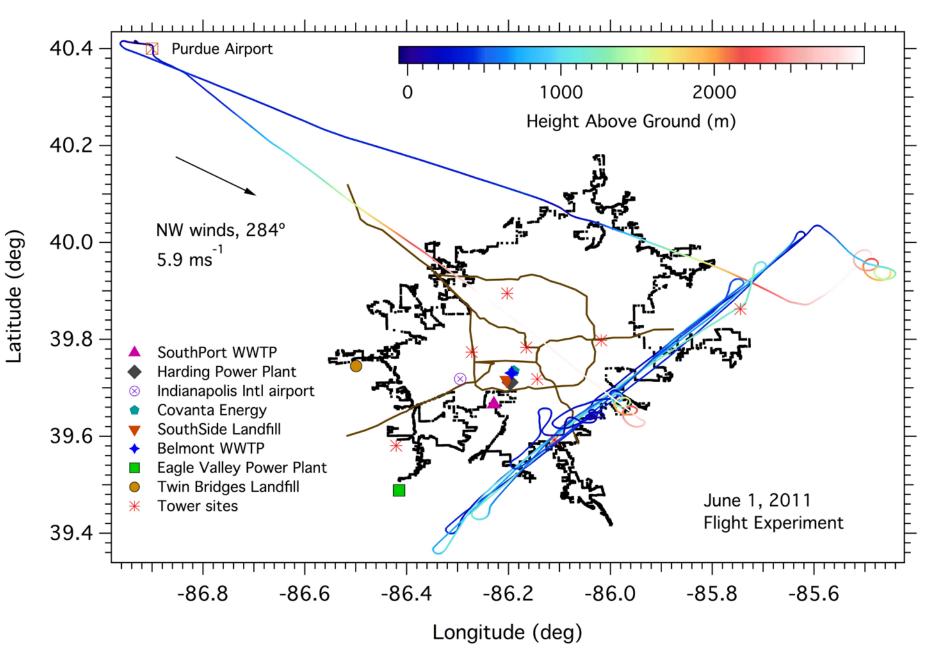
-x and +x: min and max horiz transect distance limits corresponding to the area bounded by the city

U_{ij}: gridded wind vector perpendicular to the flight path

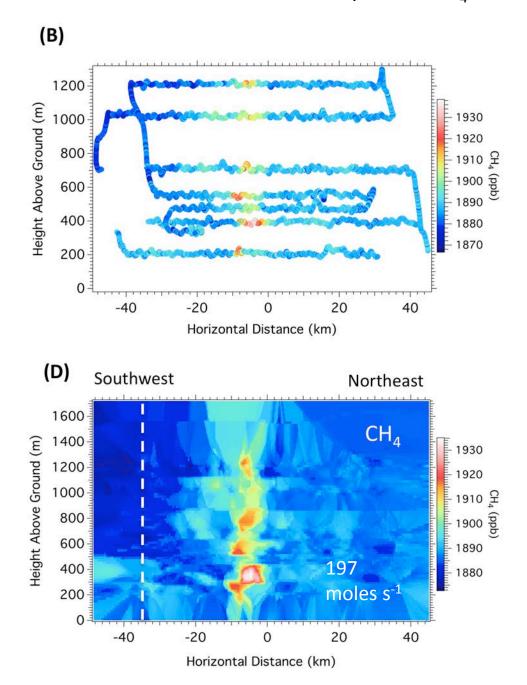
dx and dz: horizontal and vertical grid spacing

 $[C]_{b}$: ave background estimated from the edge of the transect

Flight Path on June 1, 2011



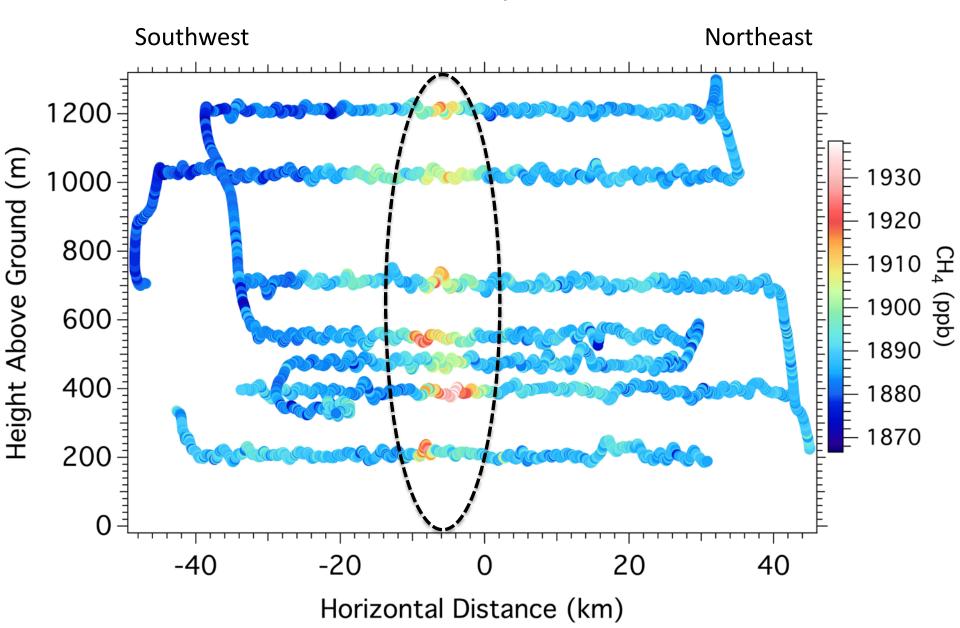
Two-dimensional distributions of observed and interpolated CH₄ data on June 1, 2011



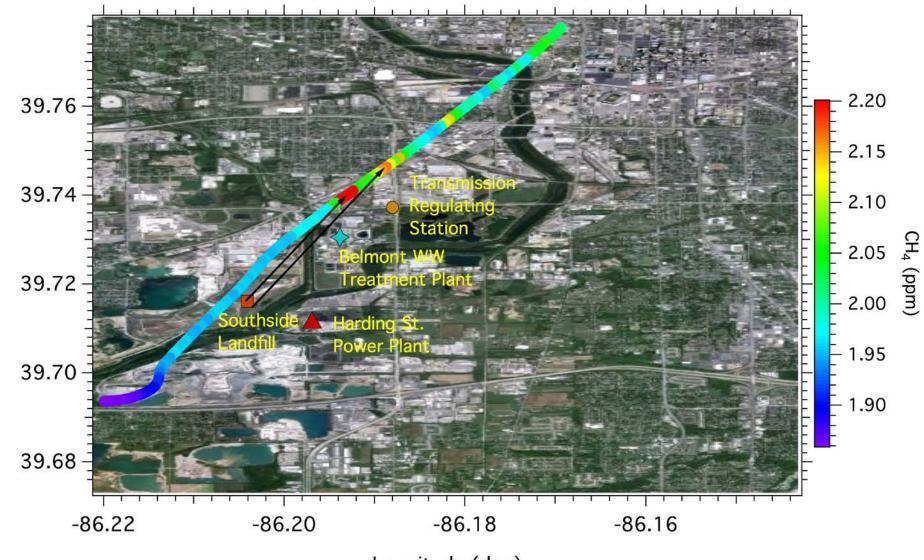
Result of Methane Flux Calculations

Study	City	Year	Emission, mol_s ^{_1}
This work: Mar 1, Apr 29, Jun 1 , July 12 flights	Indianapolis	2011	150 ± 65
Mays et al., 2009	Indianapolis	2008	102 ± 73
Wennberg et al., 2012	SCAB, Southern CA	2010	870 ±297
Wunch et al., 2009	SCAB, Southern CA	2007-2008	792 ± 198

June 1, 2011 CH₄ transect data



Following the plume upwind in a separate flight experiment on March 1, 2011...



Latitude (deg)

Longitude (deg)

Initial Result from Footprint Analysis . . .

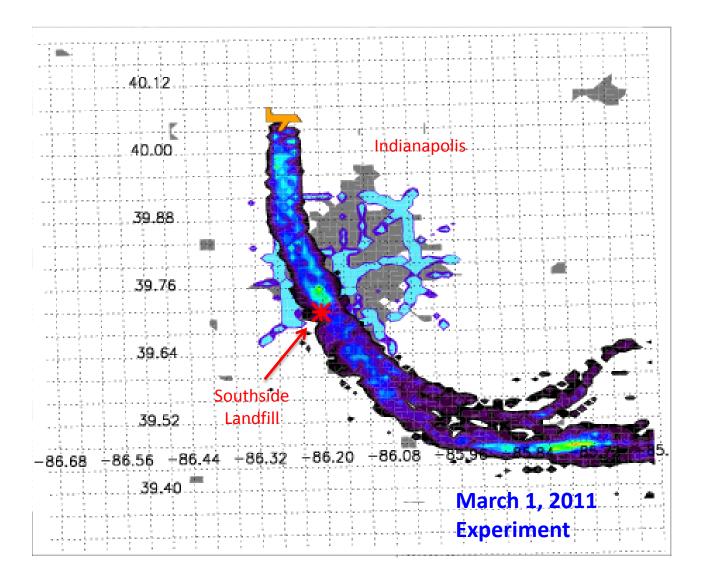
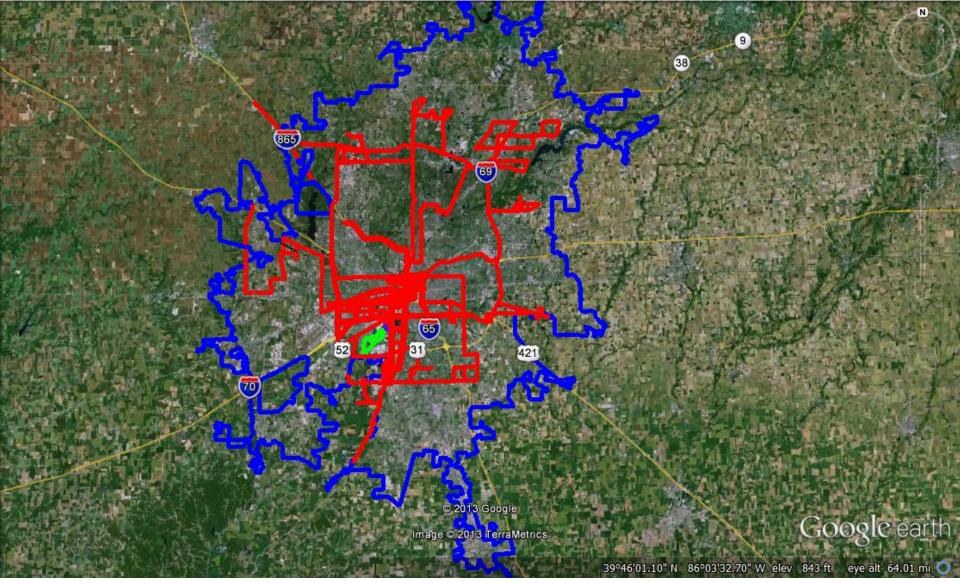
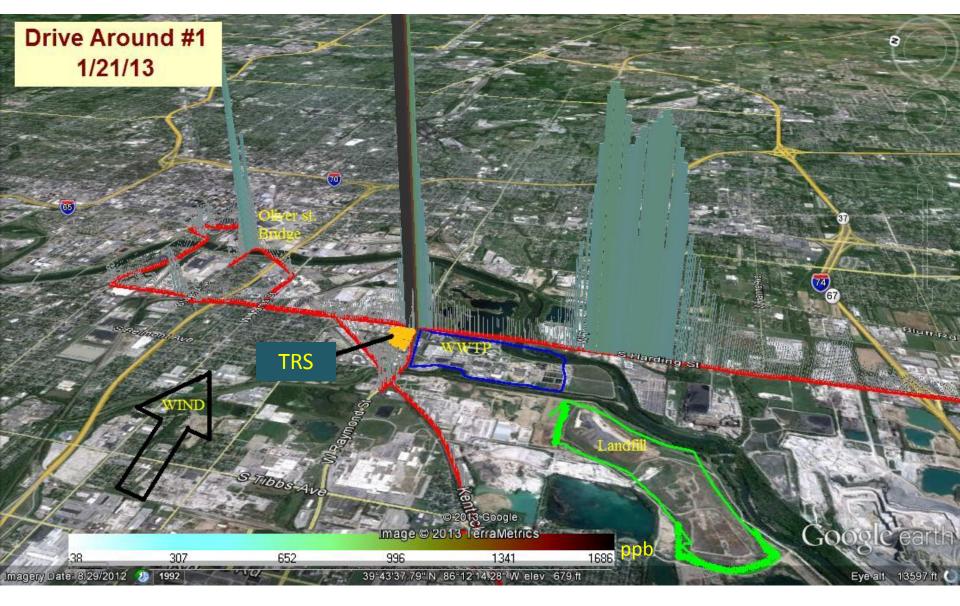


Figure courtesy of Thomas Lauvaux, The Pennsylvania State University

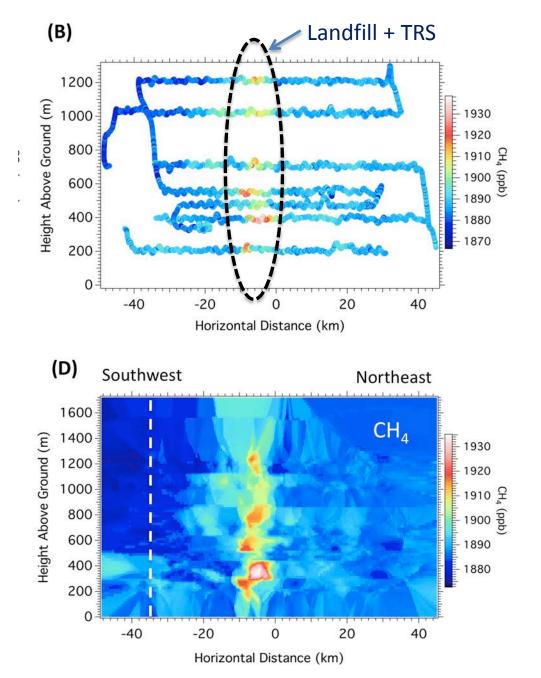
Surface Mobile Measurements to Date: Total drive paths as of May 14, 2013



Methane Sources on Southwest side of the city: Landfill and a Transmission Regulating Station (TRS)

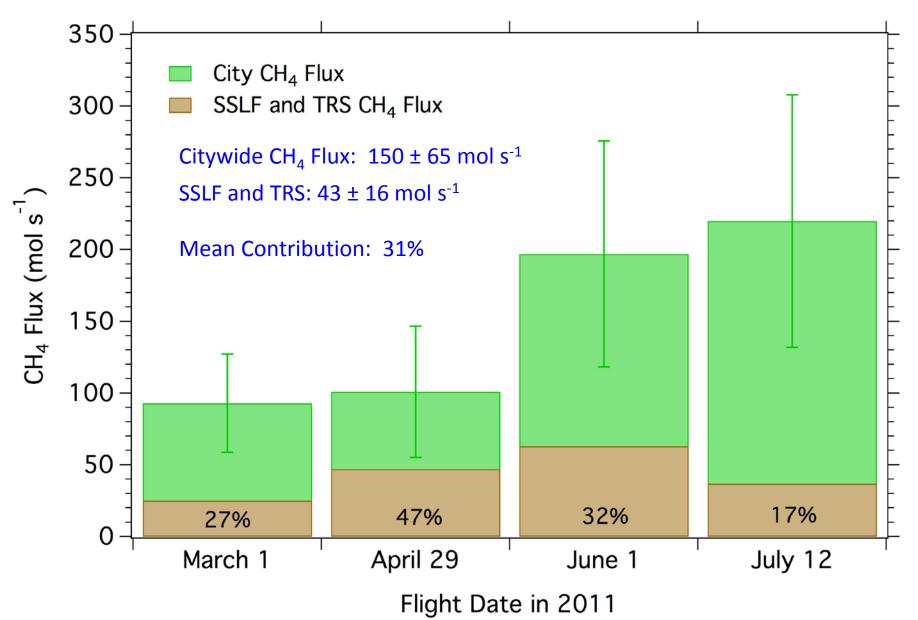


Two-dimensional distributions of observed and interpolated CH₄ data



LF + TRS: at least 2 standard deviations greater than the mean city concentration

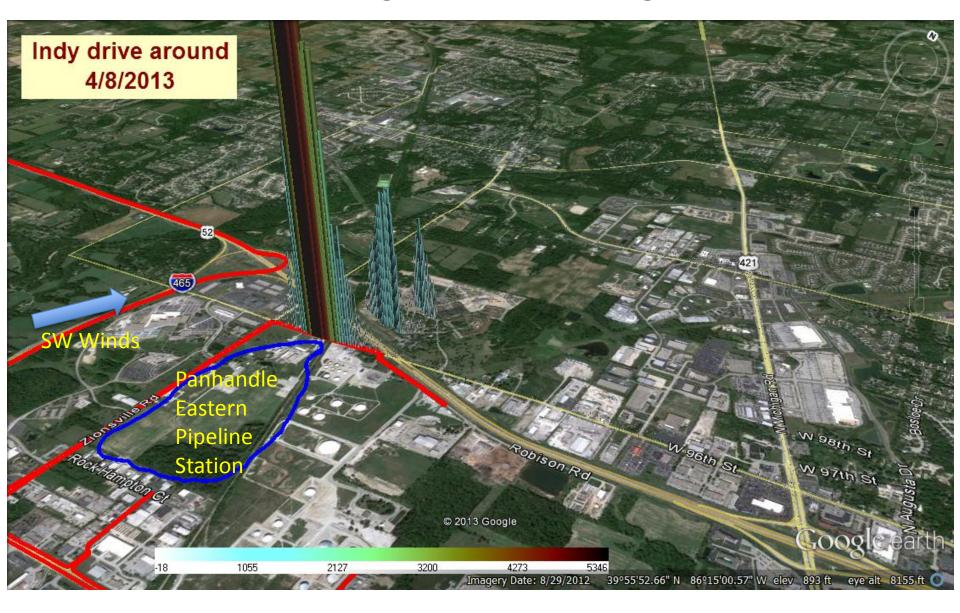
Contributions from Landfill and Transmission Regulating Station to the Citywide CH₄ Flux



To further partition the contribution: use the distinct Plumes from the Landfill and TRS 1600 January 21, 2013 1400 Citywide CH₄ Flux: 150 ± 65 mol s⁻¹ SSLF and TRS: 43 ± 16 mol s⁻¹ 1200 Contribution to the SSLF + TRS Flux: Transmission 1000 Regulating SSLF: ~ 26 mol s⁻¹ Station 800 TRS: ~ 17 mol s⁻¹ 600 Southside Landfill 400 200 0 39.74 39.73 39.72 39.71 39.70 Latitude (deg)

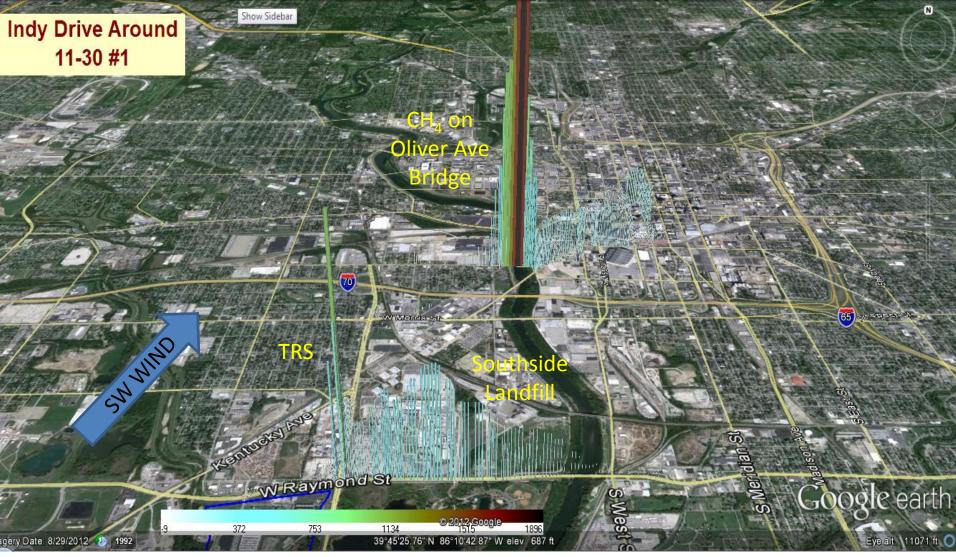
CH₄ Enhancement (ppb)

SSLF + TRS contribute ~30%, what are the sources contributing to the remaining 70%?



CH₄ on a bridge





Future Outlook

- Continuing our mobile surface survey to partition the remaining sources representing ~70% of the Indianapolis methane flux
- INFLUX is collaborating with the Environmental Defense Fund and Washington State University for an intensive field campaign involving 5 instrumented vehicles to survey the entire city for 10 days in June
- NIST (Kuldeep Prasad) is now using our surface mobile measurement data in a model to quantify the emission and identify the source

